Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of beneficiaries covered under NFSA	100	NFSA, 2013 is a Government of India Act that aims to provide for food and nutritional security by ensuring access to adequate quantity of quality food at affordable prices. It is aimed that all persons belonging to the eligible population under NFSA, 2013, benefit from the Act.
Head count ratio as per the Multi-Dimensional Poverty Index	13.95	Global SDG target 1.2 aims to reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions. According to OPHI's Global MPI Country Briefing 2020 Report on India based on NFHS-4, the incidence of multidimensional poverty in India was 27.9 percent. Therefore, half of this value has been taken as the target
Persons provided employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under MGNREGA	100	The mandate of the MGNREG Act is to provide at least 100 days of guaranteed wage employment in a financial year to every rural household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled work at the time and place provided by a Program Officer.
Percentage of Self-Help Groups (SHGs) provided credit linkage	100	This target corresponds to global SDG targets 1.3 and 1.4 that aims to implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, and ensure equal rights to economic and financial resources including microfinance.
Percentage of women receiving benefits under PMMVY or any other maternity related State schemes against target	100	PMMVY is a maternity benefit programme implemented in all districts of the country since 2017 for the welfare of pregnant women and lactating mothers. It is aimed that all persons belonging to the eligible population under PMMVY and other maternity related State schemes, benefit from the programme.
Percentage of affordable houses completed against sanctioned (rural +urban) under PMAY and related State schemes	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 1.4 that aims to ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services.
Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 1.3 which aims to implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all. Worldwide, the provision of some form of universal health coverage is regarded as a basic component of social security.
Hospital beds empanelled under PMJAY or related State schemes per 10,000 eligible population	196.89	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 1.3 which aims to implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all. The target has been set as the average of the best five scores.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of Fair Price Shops (FPS) covered under online transaction system for PDS in the district	100	Global SDG target 2.1 aims to end hunger and ensure access to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round, by all. The Public Distribution System in India facilitates the supply of food grains and essential commodities at subsidized price to a large number of poor people through a network of FPS. Automation of FPS is critical for having greater transparency in the overall PDS value chain. To encourage FPS automation, the target has been set to be the average of the best five scores, rounded to the nearest whole number.
Percentage of anganwadi centres in the district with anthropometric measurement devices (height, weight measurement)	100	Global SDG target 2.2 aims to end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age. Availability of anthropometric measurement devices is important to identify cases of stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age.
Percentage of anganwadis with own buildings	100	Under the ICDS scheme, anganwadis function as the centre for health, nutrition and early learning. To carry out their activites effectively, all anganwadis must necessarily have their own buildings that meet the guidelines specified by the Ministry of Women and Child Development.
Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted	6	The target has been set to 6 per cent as this is the corresponding prevalence of stunting in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
Percentage of children under age 5 years who are underweight	2.6	The target has been set to 2.6 per cent as this the corresponding percentage of children under five years who are underweight in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
Percentage of pregnant women aged 15-49 years who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	25.2	The WHO targets a 50 per cent reduction of anaemia in women of reproductive age by 2025 (Global Nutrition Targets 2025, Policy Brief Series). Hence, 50 per cent reduction from base year (2015-16) has been set to be the target.
Percentage of children aged 6-59 months who are anaemic (<11.0 g/dl)	21	The target has been set to 21 per cent as this is the corresponding prevalence of anaemia in children aged 6-59 months in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
Average yield of rice (kg/ha)	4114	Global SDG target 2.3 aims to double the agricultural productivity by 2030. Hence, target is to double the agricultural productivity of the North Eastern Region from the base year (2015-16).
Productivity of fruits and vegetables (kg/ha)	16919.32	Global SDG target 2.3 aims to double the agricultural productivity by 2030. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores, after removing the outliers.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of pregnant women who completed 4 ANCs in the district	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 3.1 that aims to reduce maternal mortality. The antenatal period presents opportunities for reaching pregnant women with interventions that may be vital to their health and wellbeing and that of their infants. The WHO recommends receiving antenatal care at least four times to increase the likelihood of receiving effective maternal health interventions during the antenatal period.
Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 3.1 that aims to reduce maternal mortality. All women should have access to skilled care during pregnancy and childbirth to ensure prevention, detection and management of complications. Assistance by competent health personnel working within an enabling environment is key to lowering maternal and newborn deaths.
Percentage of children aged 9-11 months fully immunized	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 3.2 which aims to end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age. 100 per cent immunization coverage (BCG, measles, and 3 doses each of OPV and DPT) is a prerequisite to achieve this global target.
Infant Mortality Rate	11	The target has been set to 11 per cent as this is the corresponding rate of infant mortality in upper middle-income countries as per the 2019 database of the World Bank.
Number of functional new born facilities (SNCU, NBSU, NBCC) per 10,000 population	3.13	Global SDG target 3.8 aims to achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores.
Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	0	The target is aligned with the global SDG target 3.3 that aims to end the epidemic of AIDS by 2030.
Percentage of TB cases successfully treated among TB cases notified to the national health authorities	100	The target is aligned with the global SDG target 3.8 that aims to provide access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. It is also aligned to global SDG target 3.3.
Number of suicide deaths reported per 1,00,000 population	3.5	Global SDG target 3.4 aims to reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being, by 2030. Hence, the target has been set to reduce suicides by a third from the base year (2015) figures.
Number of de-addiction centres (public and private) per 1,00,000 population	5.7	Global SDG target 3.5 aims to strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores.
First Referral Units (FRUs) per 1,00,000 population	3.7	The target is aligned with the global SDG target 3.8 that aims to provide access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all. The target has been set as the average of the 5 best scores.
Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population	45	Global SDG target 3.c aims to substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce. The WHO, in its report "Monitoring Health in the Sustainable Development Goals: 2017, World Health Organization, Regional Office for South East Asia", lays out a target to have a skilled health professionals density (physicians/nurses/midwives per 10,000 population) of 44.5.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Average annual drop-out rate at secondary level (Class 9-10)	3.21	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 4.1 which aims to ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education. The National Education Policy, 2020 also aims to curtail drop-out rates with a goal to achieve 100 per cent Gross Enrolment Ratio in preschool to secondary level by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Ratio of female to male enrolment at secondary level (Class 9-10)	1	This target is aligned with the global SDG target 4.5 which aims to eliminate gender disparities in education.
Percentage of students in grade 8 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained at the end of the grade	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 4.1 which aims to ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education with relevant and effective learning outcomes.
Percentage of schools with computers available	100	The National Education Policy 2020 aims to provide effective and sufficient infrastructure so that all students have access to safe and engaging school education at all levels from pre-primary school to Grade 12. It aims to take special care to ensure that no school remains deficient on infrastructure support.
Percentage of schools with access to electricity	100	The National Education Policy 2020 aims to provide effective and sufficient infrastructure so that all students have access to safe and engaging school education at all levels from pre-primary school to Grade 12. It aims to take special care to ensure that no school remains deficient on infrastructure support.
Percentage of trained teachers at secondary level (Class 9-10)	100	This target is aligned with global SDG target 4.c which aims to substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers.
Pupil-Teacher Ratio at secondary level (Class 9-10)	30	The National Education Policy 2020 proposes to ensure a pupil-teacher ratio (PTR) of under 30:1 at each level of school education.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Crimes against women per 10,000 female population	0	This target is aligned with the global SDG target 5.2 that aims to eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls in the public and private spheres
Sex ratio at birth	950	The 2019 UNFPA report on "Sex Ratio at Birth in India: Recent trends and patterns" observes that in the absence of sex selection the Sex Ratio at Birth (SRB) is around 105 male births per 100 female births or around 950 female births per 1,000 male births
Percentage of sexual crimes against women to total crimes against women	0	This target is aligned with the global SDG target 5.2 that aims to eliminate all forms of violence against women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.
Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years	0	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 5.6 that aims ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights.
Exclusive women SHGs in bank linked SHGs	99.4	Global SDG target 5.a aims to undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to financial services. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of rural population using an improved drinking water source	100	Global SDG target 6.1 aims to achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all by 2030.
Percentage of rural population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Piped Water Supply (PWS)	100	The Jal Jeevan Mission aims to provide piped water supply to the entire rural population by 2024.
Percentage of population living in households that use an improved sanitation facility	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030.
Toilets constructed against target - SBM(G)	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030. This is also in line with the objectives of the Government of India's Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin).
Percentage of schools with functional toilet facility for girls	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030.
Percentage of GPs/Villages verified as ODF in the district	100	Global SDG target 6.2 aims to achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation by 2030. This is also in line with the objectives of the Government of India's Swachh Bharat Mission (Gramin).
Stage of groundwater extraction (%)	0.06	This target corresponds to global SDG target 6.4 that aims to substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors and ensure sustainable withdrawals to address water scarcity. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of villages/GPs electrified	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 7.1 that aims to ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.
Percentage of households using clean fuel for cooking	100	This target corresponds to global SDG target 7.1 that aims to ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of loans disbursed to MSMEs against sanctioned	100	This target corresponds to Global SDG target 8.3 that aims to promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services.
Number of victims of human trafficking per 10,000 population	0	Global SDG target 8.7 aims to take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking.
Percentage of households covered with a bank account under PMJDY against target	100	The Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana aims to provide at least one basic savings banking account to every household.
Number of bank branches including Business Correspondents (BCs) in Urban, Semi-urban and Rural areas per 10,000 population	8.58	Global SDG target 8.10 aims to strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 10,000 population	5.65	Global SDG target 8.10 aims to strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Percentage of women account holders in PMJDY	50	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 5.a that aims to undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resource and access to financial services, and to the global SDG target 8.10 that aims to expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of habitations with access to all weather roads under PMGSY and other State schemes	100	Global SDG Target 9.1 aims to develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure to support economic development and equitable access for all. It is aimed that all targeted unconnected habitations under PMGSY and related State schemes are connected.
Surfaced road as a percentage of total road length	100	Global SDG Target 9.1 aims to develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructure to support economic development and equitable access for all.
Percentage of GPs/villages with internet connection (broadband or cellular)	100	This target aligns with global SDG target 9.c which aims to significantly increase access to information and communications technology "Digital India Initiative" of the Government of India also aims to boost universal coverage of internet connectivity.
Percentage of villages covered by a mobile network.	100	This target aligns with global SDG target 9.c which aims to significantly increase access to information and communications technology. One of the pillars of the "Digital India Initiative" is universal access to mobile connectivity.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Percentage of women representatives in PRIs, ULBs, District Autonomous Councils, VCs, VECs	56.18	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 10.2 that aims to empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Women provided employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by women under MGNREGA	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 10.3 that aims to ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Persons with Disability (PWDs) provided employment as a percentage of total employment demanded by PWDs under MGNREGA	78.27	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 10.3 that aims to ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Houses completed under Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY) and/or other schemes as a percentage of net demand assessment (Urban)	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 11.1 that aims to ensure universal access to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services, and upgrade slums, by 2030.
Deaths due to road accidents per 1,00,000 population	5.8	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 11.2 that focuses on improving road safety, and also the global SDG target 3.6 which aims to halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents. (Base year 2015)
Percentage of wards with waste collection	100	Global SDG target 11.6 aims to reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management.
Percentage of individual household toilets constructed against target (SBM(U))	100	Swachh Bharat Mission aims to provide universal sanitation coverage in urban areas through construction of IHHL units and community toilets. It aims for completion of construction of toilets targeted and sanctioned.
Percentage of Municipal Solid Waste (MSW) treated out of total MSW generated	100	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 11.6 that aims to reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities by 2030, by focusing on municipal and other waste management.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Area under jhum cultivation as a percentage of total area under agriculture	0	Global SDG target 12.2 aims to achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores, rounded to the nearest whole number, has been set as the target.
Percentage of area under micro/ minor irrigation in the district	62.32	Global SDG target 12.2 aims to achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores, after removing the outliers, has been set as the target.
Plastic waste generated per 10,000 population (Tonnes/Annum)	0.04	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 12.5 that aims to substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Number of human lives lost due to natural calamity per 10,000 population	0	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 13.1 which aims to strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters. The target has been set to 0 to imply that all districts must be adequately prepared to ensure that no human life is lost due to natural calamities.
Change in forest area		This target corresponds to the global SDG targets 13.2 that aim to integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning and 15.2 that aim to promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation. Districts with an increase/no change in area under forests have been awarded a score of 100 while districts with a decrease in area under forests have been assigned a score of 0.
Area under watershed management as a percentage of total geographical area	16.46	This target corresponds to the global SDG target 13.1 that aims to strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area	33	National Afforestation and Eco-Development Board aims to achieve 33 percent of the geographical area in the country under forest and tree cover.
Percentage of wasteland over total geographical area	1.41	Global SDG target 15.3 aims to combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strives to achieve a land degradation-neutral world by 2030. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Number of wildlife crime cases reported per 1,000 sq kms of forest area	0	Global SDG target 15.7 calls for urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products. The target value has been set to 0 to imply that all crimes against wildlife need to end.

Target Justification

Indicator	Target	Justification of Target
Reported murders per 10,000 population	0.07	Global SDG target 16.1 aims to significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Cognizable crimes against children per 10,000 population	0	Global SDG target 16.2 aims to end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.
Number of missing children per 10,000 population	0	Global SDG target 16.2 aims to end abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children.
Ratio of working strength to sanctioned strength of Judges (District & Subordinate courts)	1	Global SDG target 16.3 aims to promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.
Common Service Centres providing online services per 10,000 population	11.88	Global SDG target 16.6 aims to develop effective, accountable and transparent institutions at all levels. Average of the 5 best scores has been set as the target.
Percentage of births registered	100	Global SDG target 16.9 aims to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.
Percentage of population covered under Aadhaar	100	Global SDG target 16.9 aims to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.
Percentage of deaths registered	100	Global SDG target 16.9 aims to provide legal identity for all, including birth registration by 2030.